

**92. STANDARDS FOR EFFLUENTS FROM TEXTILE INDUSTRY**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Concentration not to exceed, milligram per litre (mg/l), except pH</b>
pH	5.5 – 9.0
Total suspended solids	100
Bio-chemical oxygen demand (BOD)	30
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	250
Total residual chlorine	1
Oil and grease	10
Total chromium as Cr	2
Sulphide as S	2
Phenolic compounds as C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	1

**Note:**

1. Where the treated effluent is discharged into municipal sewer leading to terminal treatment plant, the BOD may be relaxed to 100 mg/l and COD to 400 mg/l
2. The quantity of effluent (litre per kilogram of product) shall not exceed 100, 250 and 80 in composite cotton textile industry, composite woollen textile industry and textile processing industry, respectively.

**93. PRIMARY WATER QUALITY CRITERIA FOR BATHING WATER**

In a water body or its part, water is subjected to several types of uses. Depending on the types of uses and activities, water quality criteria have been specified to determine its suitability for a particular purpose. Among the various types of users there is one use that demands highest level of water quality or purity and that is termed as "Designated Best Use" in that stretch of water body. Based on this, water quality requirements have been specified for different uses in terms of primary water quality criteria. The primary water quality criteria for bathing water are specified along with the rationale in Table 1.